

ARMY WONDERS AT GENERAL MILES' TRIP

Permit Comes After Two Refusals by the President.

MRS. MILES MAY BE OF PARTY

Officials Who Will Be on Staff of the Commanding General—Probable That Transport Crock Will Be Utilized. Will Make Exhaustive Report.

After refusing upon two occasions recently to grant Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles his request to make a tour of inspection of the Philippines, President Roosevelt has acted favorably upon the third application, and General Miles will sail from San Francisco, accompanied by his full staff, on one of the first transports of the army to leave that port.

To the army there could scarcely be any greater surprise than the news that the President has seen fit to grant any request of the general, especially after it has been so well understood that General Miles would never proceed to Manila under any permission or instructions of the President. At army headquarters and among the few of the bureau chiefs at the War Department it was not believed that the President could have so reversed his former attitude toward General Miles, and, until the official notice was posted yesterday afternoon, the report was given little credence.

Patching Up Differences.

The mere fact that General Miles is going to the Philippines has little significance compared to the implied patching up of the differences which have existed between the President and the General since his interview on the Schley report. Two weeks ago the General was reported to be visiting near Oyster Bay with some influential New York friends, who are close socially with the President and relatives of Mrs. Miles. Nothing was said about a call at Sagamore Hill, but an impression is held in army circles here that the President softened to the request of Miles' friends for lenient treatment and decided to authorize the visit to the Philippines.

General Miles is not ordered to the Philippines, but simply has his application granted to make a tour of inspection under restrictions which practically limit his authority to that of an inspecting officer. He is directed to "give particular attention to the instruction of the army, discipline, and supplies of all kinds," and that as far as his powers go.

Will Make Exhaustive Report.

While General Miles will, as the general commanding the army, be the senior officer in the Philippines, he cannot displace either General Chaffee or General Davis, nor in any manner interfere with their duties. He will critically examine the conditions he finds, devoting his attention entirely to subjects of army administration, rather than to political, religious, or civil conditions.

General Miles will see a great deal and will have a great many opinions of various subjects when he returns home, and will present them in an exhaustive report to the Secretary.

His absence from Washington will not necessitate the transfer of any officer to army headquarters to perform the duties of general commanding. He will come back by the eastern route, it is said, which assures his visiting Europe on the way home.

Three of the finest equipped army transports—Crock, Sheridan, and Thomas—are now at San Francisco and are available for General Miles' use. The Crock will probably carry the party, which will consist of the General and one or two members of his staff, Lieut. Col. Samuel Reber and Lieut. Col. W. P. Whitney.

It is expected that Mrs. Miles will accompany the General to the Philippines, and it may be that his married daughter, who is the wife of Colonel Reber, also will accompany the party. General Miles will return today from his New England trip.

BIG FOUR RAILWAY AFTER SHORTER LINE

Negotiating for Chicago and South-eastern Road.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 27.—It is likely that the Big Four Railway will take over the Chicago and Southeastern in the very near future.

Negotiations with this end in view have been under way for some time, and will likely be soon concluded. The line, which is 127 miles in length, extends from Muncie, Ind., to the coal fields of Brazil. The road crosses the Big Four at several points, and it is expected will make a shorter line for freight to and from St. Louis than the present one.

Harry Crawford, the Chicago attorney, is the principal owner of the Chicago and Southeastern. The company has had a stormy existence and has been tied up often by court proceedings and the refusal of the employees to resume work until paid their wages.

POLICE ASKED TO FIND MR. WOOD, OF RICHMOND

Young Dentist Disappeared From Virginia Capital Two Weeks Ago.

The local police have been asked by the authorities of Richmond, Va., to keep a lookout for Fred A. Wood, a young dentist of that city, who disappeared from his home about two weeks ago. The young man was last seen at Old Point Comfort, Va., and it is thought he is en route to this city.

Mr. Wood comes from a well-known Virginia family, and is a graduate of one of the largest dental colleges in the State. A description of the man has been sent to the various police stations.

VETERAN OF ALABAMA SERVED ON THE JURY

Curious Coincidence at Inquest of Robert Lee Bowen.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 27.—The jury of inquest which met last night at the Central police station to inquire into the death of Robert Lee Bowen, the conductor on an express car of the United Railways and Electric Company, who died at the City Hospital Saturday, returned the verdict that Bowen died from a fractured skull, sustained by his head coming in contact with a trolley wire pole near Dundalk last week.

It was a curious coincidence that a member of the jury investigating the death of a man bearing the name of the great general of the Confederacy was one who was a Confederate sailor, and who was one of the last men to leave the Confederate cruiser Alabama before she disappeared beneath the waters off Cherbourg, France, Lieut. Arthur Sinclair, who is visiting in Baltimore.

STOWAWAY SEEKS AID OF THE PRESIDENT

Lad Will Appeal to "Great Rough Rider."

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—When Estevan Vasquez, fifteen years old and an orphan, was arraigned in the Adams Street police court in Brooklyn he had to fight all the organized charity in the borough in order to accomplish his set purpose of becoming a United States citizen. The young Porto Rican, who cannot speak a word of English, is determined to seek his fortune in America and will make a strong protest to the court against the proposal of the charity organizations to have him deported.

In his own language the lad, in the Raymond Street jail, declared he was not an alien; that Porto Rico, where he was born, was American, and that he was an American, too, and could not be deported like a foreigner. He also declared that he would appeal to President Roosevelt to save him.

Traveling in the darkness hold of a big steamship, the boy, as a stowaway, set out five weeks ago from Vieja, Porto Rico. In the ship's coal bunker, starving and thirsty, the lad was finally found by a stoker, but the little fellow pleaded so hard to be allowed to remain hidden that the stoker surreptitiously brought him meat and drink, and when the ship reached New York the young Porto Rican got ashore unseen.

He set out bravely to get work, but nobody seemed to have any use for him. After living like a rat in New York for many days the boy struck into Brooklyn, where his troubles with the charity societies began.

The boy said today that he was practically alone in the world, his only living relatives being a brother at Vieja, Porto Rico. But he declared in "the impure Castilian of the West Indies" that he would appeal to Roosevelt, the Rough Rider, before he would submit to deportation. His confidence in the President was unbounded.

"I will fight for Roosevelt if he wants me," he said. "I'll do anything for the great Rough Rider—grandissimo homo caballo—and he will not see me sent away back home like a whipped dog. I want to make money—lots of money—and be a great man in America, maybe some day a Rough Rider."

BARONESS DE BRANCA TAKES FINAL VOWS

Bavarian Noblewoman Enters Convent of Perpetual Adoration in New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 27.—Baroness de Branca, of Munich, Bavaria, Tuesday took the vows at the Convent of Perpetual Adoration in New Orleans.

In 1886 Mother Mary Augustine, who has charge of the convent, visited Bavaria. There she met the Baroness, who was a beautiful girl of twenty. The Baroness wanted to enter a life of religion, and then besought Mother Mary to bring her back to the States with her. The girl had large estates. It was impossible for the request to be granted. She has led the life of a nun since then, although outside of convent walls. Securing the consent of the government, she finally came to New Orleans to enter the order of her choice. Tuesday she took the final vows, Bishop Rouxel officiating.

ILLINOIS POPULISTS NAME STATE TICKET

The Platform Adopted Denounces Both Democrats and Republicans.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 27.—Representative Populists from different sections of the State met in the St. Nicholas Hotel here today, nominated a State ticket, selected a State executive committee, and arranged for the organization of the party and the nomination of candidates for Congress and the general assembly in a number of districts. The platform adopted on the part of the "isms" formerly advocated by the party. It denounces both Democrats and Republicans. It declares that "the Republicans do something and raise hell, while the Democrats raise hell and do nothing."

Following is the State ticket selected at the convention: Clerk, supreme court, W. W. Scott; Centralia, State treasurer, Dietrich Baister; Bethalto, superintendent public instruction, W. G. Gullett; Moline, university trustees, L. H. Johnson; Danville; Richard Stanley, Jacksonville; third trustee, a woman to be named.

Shot With an Air Rifle.

Jacob Shines, a conductor on car No. 14, of the Fourteenth Street line, Capitol Traction Railway, reported to the police of the Sixth precinct last night that he has been shot in the hip with an air rifle. The shooting, he said, occurred near the corner of First and D streets northeast, about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and the rifle was used by a white boy. The police are investigating the matter.

WANT POLICE TO SELECT THEM AMERICAN WIVES

Foreign "Noblemen" Ask Aid of Chicago Guardians in Securing Mates.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Three self-styled noblemen of noble families are seeking wives in Chicago, and each has asked the local police department to aid him in making an alliance. Not wealth, but young women of beauty and good family are desired in each instance. The applicants are El Hassan Ben Ali, Algiers; Luigi Campagna, Venice, Italy; and Kizo Kishamawa, Tokyo, Japan. All have written letters to police headquarters.

Lieutenant Rohan, of the detective bureau, has decided to create a temporary matrimonial agency in his office for their benefit and that of any young women who may be willing to enter the contest for their favor. Detective Sergeant Charles Hefton will be in charge. The latest communication is from El Hassan Ben Ali. His letter translated is in part as follows:

"I am an Algerian nobleman and my family is prominent and stands high in the Government. I am twenty years old and wealthy. In my country we marry at an early age, but so far I have been unable to find a woman who suited me, although I have traveled a great deal in search of one. Having heard of the beauty of Chicago's women, I take the liberty of writing you. The woman I take as my wife need not be wealthy, as I have more than enough money and an extensive estate. Tell the young women to send me their photographs and I will return a likeness of myself."

The writers all say they have never visited this country, but that they have heard from friends who have toured the United States that the Chicago women surpass all others in beauty and accomplishments.

CHICAGO WANTS THE REPUBLICAN CLUBS

Executive Committee Urges Holding Meeting There.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—This city will, in all probability, be the place selected for the meeting of the National League of Republican Clubs, and President Roosevelt may come here to address the convention.

The convention is set for the first week in October so that the President may be present. Several members of the executive committee were in conference yesterday with the executive body of the country central committee. Nothing definite has been decided upon, but final action will be taken at a meeting to be held this afternoon.

It was said that Chicago would be likely to get the convention and that the postponement was merely for the purpose of getting more detailed information as to the needs for the entertainment of the delegates. The President will be in Springfield, Ill., to attend the State fair on October 2, and, according to present plans, the convention of the league clubs will be set for the following day, so that he may be given an opportunity to come here to deliver an address.

BALTIMORE MAY END YEAR WITH SURPLUS

City Now Has on Hand \$431,000 More Than a Year Ago.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 27.—The city has now on hand about \$431,000 more than it had at this time last year, and City Register Numan is hoping that there will be a substantial surplus at the end of the year. If there is such a surplus it will be turned into the sinking funds.

For the remaining four months of the year there is available for running the city government \$2,513,000, as against \$2,082,000 at the same time last year. It is not to be hoped, however, that the difference represents the amount of the surplus that Mr. Numan hopes for, because there are large payments to be made which did not have to be made last year. The schools and engine house which are now under way will cost \$365,000, which was provided for in this year's levy, and there are other items to come out of that excess over last year's amount on hand.

BURGLAR DIES FROM EFFECTS OF BULLET

Postmaster Shot Him While Attempting to Enter Office.

BUFFALO, Aug. 27.—George Clark, one of the burglars who was shot while attempting to escape after breaking into the Jeddo, Orleans county, postoffice last Monday night, died at the county jail at Medina shortly after midnight this morning.

Before he died the man declared that his home was at 223 North Clinton Street, Rochester. Clark and the other prisoner, who said he was Joseph Myers, of Rochester, were taken before United States Commissioner Pound late yesterday afternoon and both pleaded guilty. Postmaster Payne, who set the trap for the burglars and who shot Clark, is now being criticised on the ground that his shooting was too hasty.

WOULD BE SUICIDE ON WAY TO RECOVERY

Negro Who Jumped From the Brooklyn Bridge May Get Well.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—Frank Cody, the negro who jumped from Brooklyn Bridge last night, had improved this morning, and it was said at the Brooklyn Hospital that he would probably recover.

About 8:30 o'clock last night Cody climbed upon a truck at the entrance to the bridge. When the driver got across he missed his passenger, and while he was reporting this information to the Fulton Street police station the missing passenger, who proved to be the negro, was picked up by two watermen who were in a row boat under the bridge.

Cody was taken to the hospital, and when he recovered sufficiently to talk he said that he had told his wife during the day that he intended to commit suicide. Cody married a white woman, Elmira Anderson, the daughter of a letter carrier, about eight years ago.

CENTRAL VEREIN AND SAEGERBUND AT ODDS

Ill-Feeling Over German Day Celebration

BUND REFUSES TO ATTEND

Letter From President Claudy Scoring Lack of Americanism of Other Societies—Says His Organization Is Not in Sympathy With Them.

The German Central Verein held its regular monthly meeting last night at Bessler's Hall on Pennsylvania Avenue between Ninth and Tenth Streets northwest. There was a large attendance, and the delegates from the various societies affiliated with the Verein were present. Mr. Kurt Voelckner, the president, occupied the chair, while Mr. Gustave Bender, the secretary, attended to his duties at the desk.

The main business of the evening was the discussion of the proposed celebration of German Day, on Sunday, October 12, at Glen Echo. The reports of the various committees having the matter in hand were read and adopted. They point to a successful celebration of the anniversary of the day when the first German immigrants arrived in Philadelphia and settled Germantown.

Every German-American society in this city has accepted the invitation of the Central Verein to participate at the festivities with the single exception of the Washington Saengerbund. President Frank Claudy declined, in the name of the Saengerbund, in a lengthy letter, in which he said that though honoring German industry, German ways and German virtues, the Saengerbund did not regard itself as a German society. He said that its members were mostly Americans of English, Irish, Italian and French descent, and that only 27 per cent were Germans, and that these latter could not act offensively to the large majority of Americans of extraction of other than German nationality.

Position of President Claudy.

The claim of Mr. Claudy that the Saengerbund is not a German society is causing much comment in view of the fact that it intends to participate at the next German Saengerfest, which is to take place next year at Baltimore, and compete for the prize which the German Emperor has presented to the United States German-American singers. All songs at this festival are to be rendered in the German language and all business transactions are in the German language.

To the charge of Mr. Claudy that the German Central Verein is cultivating exclusive German aims, the Verein responds by asserting that none but American citizens are permitted to become members of the Verein, which, it is claimed, was more than the Saengerbund insists on.

Insist on Their Americanism.

Mr. William F. Lutz, an honorary member of the Saengerbund, said this morning in regard to the invitation: "The Saengerbund won't have anything to do with the Central Verein. They are way below us. They are not in our class. We are gentlemen, and far above them. We will ignore them every time, and I wish they would not bother us any more. We want to entirely cut away from them."

"We are Americans and don't care for the Germans; they should go back to Germany. The Central Verein disgraced us at the visit to Washington of Prince Henry. The German language and all business transactions are in the German language, or any other German society."

President Voelckner's Reply.

Mr. Kurt Voelckner, president of the German Central Verein, in answer to the charges of Mr. Lutz, said that they were willful and malicious falsehoods, and that they did not contain one word of truth. To substantiate his statement, Mr. Voelckner produced a letter from Ambassador Holleben in which the latter congratulated the German Central Verein on the success of the Prince Henry demonstration and thanked its members for the good showing they made. Dr. von Holleben said in the letter that the German Central Verein was one of the best German organizations in America, and that it was a credit to the American people.

The following societies have signified their intention of participating at the celebration of German Day: Columbia Lodge, No. 1, O. H. S.; Verein Bayern, Germania, Germania, German Orphan Asylum Society, Arion Gesang Verein, Veterans of the German Wars, Oceanic Lodge, No. 1, O. K. F.; German Sick Benefit Society, No. 100; Germania Maennerchor, Hessen Plattdeutscher Verein, Concordia Circle, Columbia Turn Verein, and the Butchers, Bakers, Brewers, and other trade organizations.

Promise of Good Speakers.

The committee is in correspondence with a number of Senators and Representatives to act as speakers on the occasion and the indications point to the presence of a number of men prominent in national politics. Invitations will also be extended to the District Commissioner, and other public functionaries. The German ambassador, Dr. von Holleben, who is absent on leave, will be represented by a member of the German embassy.

The following committees were appointed: Finance, William Feldhaus; Entertainment, Emil Seidel; Transportation, Charles F. Meyers; Substitution, A. D. Manger; privileges, Christian Gundlach; dance, W. Pohlman; reception, Henry Wassmann; plays and entertainments, Joseph A. Kaschka; prizes, Charles E. Gerber; decoration, Charles E. Gundlach; prizes, W. Feldhaus; music, T. L. Schmidt; children's plays, Mr. Oswald Eder; other entertainments, H. L. Herzog; badges, L. Pohlman.

PAPERS TO BE READ BY WASHINGTON LAWYERS

Local Men to Take Permanent Part in Bar Association Meeting at Saratoga.

The annual meeting of the American Bar Association will begin its sessions today at Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Four of the eleven papers to be read at the meeting will be presented by members of the bar of this city. They are: Mr. Arthur P. Greeley, on "Pending Trade-Mark Legislation;" Mr. Arthur S. Browne, on "Patent Litigation From the Expert's Standpoint;" Mr. Melville Church, on "Is the Entire Jurisdiction of the Circuit Courts in the Matter of Suits for Infringement of Patents Defined by the Act of March 3, 1897?"

Mr. Joseph R. Edison, on "Should Congress Provide, by General Legislation, for the Extension of Letters Patent Beyond the Term of the Original Grant?" The meeting will last until Friday.

ARMOUR KNOWS LITTLE ABOUT PRICE OF BEEF

Pleads Ignorance When Questioned About It.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—J. Ogden Armour was last night asked whether beef prices were to be lower in Chicago because of the good crops and the large consignments of cattle which have had a tendency to materially lower prices in other cities.

"I'm sure I do not know what the price is," said Mr. Armour. "Beef prices have dropped 25 per cent in St. Louis and perceptibly in St. Paul. Will there be no decline at all in Chicago?" he was asked.

"Well, of course there are heavy shipments, but really now I do not know a thing about what prices are to be in Chicago. I wish I did myself," he said with a smile.

"Will prices be any higher in Chicago, or are they likely to remain at the present level?"

"I could not tell if I wanted to, for I am in entire ignorance," was his reply.

Benevolent Society Incorporated.

A certificate of incorporation for St. John's Lodge, No. 4, Order Knights of Jerusalem, of the District of Columbia, was filed in the office of the Clerk of the District Court this morning. The organization is formed, it is said, for mutual improvement, to raise funds for the relief of its various members, to dispense sick benefits, and furnish funeral benefits in case of death of any members of the society. The incorporators named are Frank Hayes, Frank Henson, Benjamin Wood, James Mack, James L. Atkins, Benjamin Watkins, and Joseph Ridgeley.

VERMONT'S CIVIL WAR CLAIM IS HELD UP

Government Has a Counter Claim Against the State.

Draft for \$280,000 Was Made Out, But Treasury Department Refuses to Honor It.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Aug. 27.—The draft for \$280,000 in payment of Vermont's civil war claim against the Federal Government has been held up by the Treasury Department.

The reason for this, it is said, is that the Government has a claim against the State for rifles furnished after the raid on St. Albans by Confederates in 1864, for which the State has never paid, although several attempts have previously been made to collect the bill.

During the excitement following the invasion from Canada were felt. The Government had no troops it could send to Vermont, but troops were raised for purposes of defense in the State and the Government equipped them with Enfield rifles.

The State never returned these arms to the National Government. The Federal Government attempted to take its bill out of the direct tax refunded to the State. But Attorney General Miller ruled that this could not be done. Governor Stickney is at present obtaining legal advice in the matter.

Treasury Department officials declined to discuss the matter when asked about it this afternoon. Comptroller Treaswell said he did not know anything about the intentions of the authorities of Vermont and could therefore not state what they intended doing in the matter.

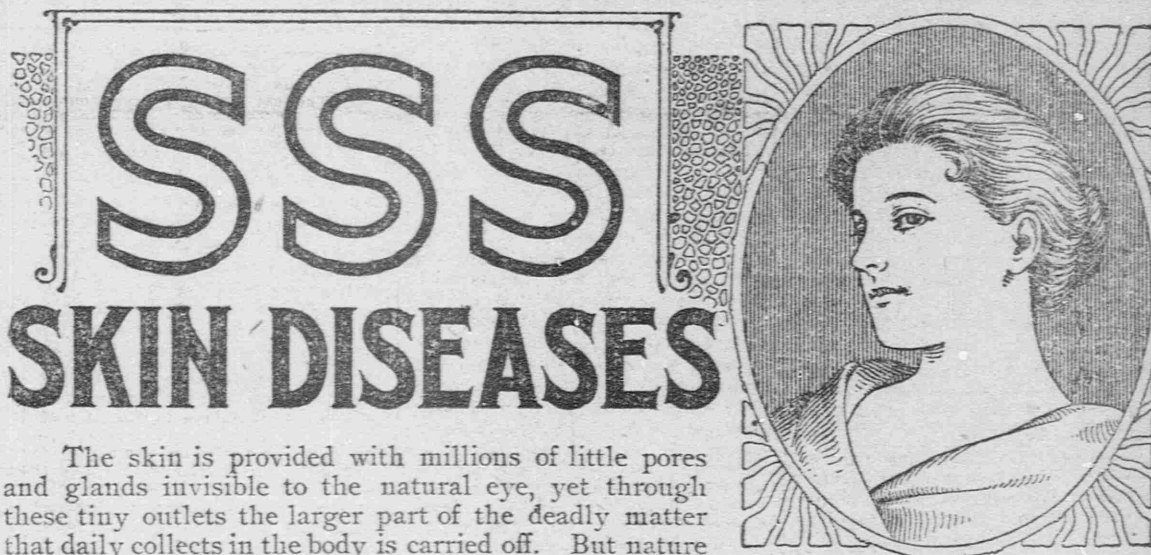
APPEALS FOR MERCY FOR LOMAX MAY END

Negro to Be Hanged at Montrose on September 9, Confesses.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., Aug. 27.—It is believed that the confession of the negro, John Lomax, will prevent further appeals for executive clemency in his behalf.

In a rambling way Lomax told of his attack upon Miss Costenbader near Potomac Mills and of her finally succeeding in repulsing him and making her way to her home.

Following the accidental burning to death of the unfortunate young woman a short time afterwards, the Westmoreland jail was considered insecure, and the prisoner was removed to Alexandria for safe-keeping. He will be hanged at Montrose, Westmoreland County, September 9.



The skin is provided with millions of little pores and glands invisible to the natural eye, yet through these tiny outlets the larger part of the deadly matter that daily collects in the body is carried off. But nature never intended that poisons of an irritating or acid character should be eliminated through the skin, the Liver and Kidneys being their natural outlets, and it is when these important organs fail to perform their functions that these acid poisons are absorbed into the blood and find their way to the surface of the body through the pores and glands of the skin, producing intense itching and burning, inflammation and swelling, and eruptions of every conceivable size, shape and character.

Skin Diseases differ greatly in their general characteristics and degrees of intensity. Red and angry looking spots break out upon some part of the body with a mass of small pustules or blisters, from which is discharged a clear or straw colored fluid, which dries and flakes off in bran-like particles and scales, or forms into hard and painful sores and scabs. The skin often hardens and dries, cracks and bleeds from the effects of the fiery acids, which the blood is continually throwing off. Pimples, blackheads and blotches are evidences of a too acid blood, which has become inflamed and clogged the pores.

Skin Diseases being dependent upon the same causes require the same treatment, which must be constitutional and not external. Nothing applied locally to the inflamed surface can bring much relief. The disfiguring eruptions will continue to annoy and pain you in spite of soaps, washes or powders. There is no hope of getting rid of a skin disease except through the purification of the depreciated blood and neutralizing and filtering out of the circulation all poisonous substances and acids.

The purifying and tonic properties of S. S. S. soon manifest their influence in skin affections; the debilitated system is invigorated and toned up, and the gradual disappearance of the eruptions show that the polluted blood is being brought back to its natural purity and strength. Old chronic skin disorders, which have resisted all the ordinary methods of treatment, readily yield to the curative powers of S. S. S., and there is no reason why the long time sufferer should feel resigned to his fate under the mistaken idea that some skin diseases are incurable, for S. S. S. has cured and is still curing cases perhaps far more desperate than yours. S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy, containing no Potash, Arsenic or any of the poisonous drugs which constitute the basis of so many so-called skin cures.

Our Medical Department has been of the greatest assistance to thousands seeking relief from blood and skin troubles. Write us fully about your case, and our physicians will help you, for which no charge whatever is made. Our illustrated Book on Skin Diseases will be sent free to all who write for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.